

## §416.44

## 42 CFR Ch. IV (10–1–99 Edition)

including medical necessity of procedures performed and appropriateness of care, and use findings, when appropriate, in the revision of center policies and consideration of clinical privileges.

### §416.44 Condition for coverage—Environment.

The ASC must have a safe and sanitary environment, properly constructed, equipped, and maintained to protect the health and safety of patients.

(a) *Standard: Physical environment.* The ASC must provide a functional and sanitary environment for the provision of surgical services.

(1) Each operating room must be designed and equipped so that the types of surgery conducted can be performed in a manner that protects the lives and assures the physical safety of all individuals in the area.

(2) The ASC must have a separate recovery room and waiting area.

(3) The ASC must establish a program for identifying and preventing infections, maintaining a sanitary environment, and reporting the results to appropriate authorities.

(b) *Standard: Safety from fire.* (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) (2) and (3) of this section, the ASC must meet the provisions of the 1985 edition of the Life Safety Code of the National Fire Protection Association (which is incorporated by reference)<sup>1</sup> that are applicable to ambulatory surgical centers.

(2) In consideration of a recommendation by the State survey agency, HCFA may waive, for periods deemed appropriate, specific provisions of the Life Safety Code which, if rigidly applied, would result in unreasonable hardship upon an ASC, but only if the waiver will not adversely affect the health and safety of the patients.

(3) Any ASC that, on May 9, 1988, complies with the requirements of the 1981 edition of the Life Safety Code, with or without waivers, will be considered to be in compliance with this standard, so long as the ASC continues to remain in compliance with that edition of the Life Safety Code.

<sup>1</sup>See footnote to §405.1134(a) of this chapter.

(c) *Standard: Emergency equipment.* Emergency equipment available to the operating rooms must include at least the following:

(1) Emergency call system.

(2) Oxygen.

(3) Mechanical ventilatory assistance equipment including airways, manual breathing bag, and ventilator.

(4) Cardiac defibrillator.

(5) Cardiac monitoring equipment.

(6) Tracheostomy set.

(7) Laryngoscopes and endotracheal tubes.

(8) Suction equipment.

(9) Emergency medical equipment and supplies specified by the medical staff.

(d) *Standard: Emergency personnel.* Personnel trained in the use of emergency equipment and in cardiopulmonary resuscitation must be available whenever there is a patient in the ASC.

[47 FR 34094, Aug. 5, 1982, amended at 53 FR 11508, Apr. 7, 1988; 54 FR 4026, Jan. 27, 1989]

### §416.45 Condition for coverage—Medical staff.

The medical staff of the ASC must be accountable to the governing body.

(a) *Standard: Membership and clinical privileges.* Members of the medical staff must be legally and professionally qualified for the positions to which they are appointed and for the performance of privileges granted. The ASC grants privileges in accordance with recommendations from qualified medical personnel.

(b) *Standard: Reappraisals.* Medical staff privileges must be periodically reappraised by the ASC. The scope of procedures performed in the ASC must be periodically reviewed and amended as appropriate.

(c) *Standard: Other practitioners.* If the ASC assigns patient care responsibilities to practitioners other than physicians, it must have established policies and procedures, approved by the governing body, for overseeing and evaluating their clinical activities.

### §416.46 Condition for coverage—Nursing services.

The nursing services of the ASC must be directed and staffed to assure that

the nursing needs of all patients are met.

(a) *Standard: Organization and staffing.* Patient care responsibilities must be delineated for all nursing service personnel. Nursing services must be provided in accordance with recognized standards of practice. There must be a registered nurse available for emergency treatment whenever there is a patient in the ASC.

(b) [Reserved]

**§ 416.47 Condition for coverage—Medical records.**

The ASC must maintain complete, comprehensive, and accurate medical records to ensure adequate patient care.

(a) *Standard: Organization.* The ASC must develop and maintain a system for the proper collection, storage, and use of patient records.

(b) *Standard: Form and content of record.* The ASC must maintain a medical record for each patient. Every record must be accurate, legible, and promptly completed. Medical records must include at least the following:

- (1) Patient identification.
- (2) Significant medical history and results of physical examination.
- (3) Pre-operative diagnostic studies (entered before surgery), if performed.
- (4) Findings and techniques of the operation, including a pathologist's report on all tissues removed during surgery, except those exempted by the governing body.
- (5) Any allergies and abnormal drug reactions.
- (6) Entries related to anesthesia administration.
- (7) Documentation of properly executed informed patient consent.
- (8) Discharge diagnosis.

**§ 416.48 Condition for coverage—Pharmaceutical services.**

The ASC must provide drugs and biologicals in a safe and effective manner, in accordance with accepted professional practice, and under the direction of an individual designated responsible for pharmaceutical services.

(a) *Standard: Administration of drugs.* Drugs must be prepared and administered according to established policies and acceptable standards of practice.

(1) Adverse reactions must be reported to the physician responsible for the patient and must be documented in the record.

(2) Blood and blood products must be administered by only physicians or registered nurses.

(3) Orders given orally for drugs and biologicals must be followed by a written order, signed by the prescribing physician.

(b) [Reserved]

**§ 416.49 Condition for coverage—Laboratory and radiologic services.**

If the ASC performs laboratory services, it must meet the requirements of part 493 of this chapter. If the ASC does not provide its own laboratory services, it must have procedures for obtaining routine and emergency laboratory services from a certified laboratory in accordance with part 493 of this chapter. The referral laboratory must be certified in the appropriate specialties and subspecialties of service to perform the referred tests in accordance with the requirements of part 493 of this chapter. The ASC must have procedures for obtaining radiologic services from a Medicare approved facility to meet the needs of patients.

[57 FR 7135, Feb. 28, 1992]

**Subpart D—Scope of Benefits**

**§ 416.60 General rules.**

(a) The services payable under this part are facility services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries, by a participating facility, in connection with covered surgical procedures specified in § 416.65.

(b) The surgical procedures, including all preoperative and post-operative services that are performed by a physician, are covered as physician services under part 410 of this chapter.

[56 FR 8844, Mar. 1, 1991]

**§ 416.61 Scope of facility services.**

(a) *Included services.* Facility services include, but are not limited to—

- (1) Nursing, technician, and related services;
- (2) Use of the facilities where the surgical procedures are performed;